## Date:



## **Judaism**

Judaism is the oldest religion of the western world and has influenced Christianity and Islam. The Hebrews were the ancestors of the Jewish people. The Hebrews were different from others of their time because the Hebrews were monotheistic; they believed in only one God. The Hebrews believed they had a special relationship with their God and that they were God's chosen people.

The Hebrews trace their ancestry to Abraham. Hebraic tradition says that Abraham left his home in the Mesopotamian city of Ur about 2200BC. Abraham's grandson, Jacob, established a nation called Israel on the eastern shore of the Mediterranean Sea. About 1300BCE, many Hebrews moved to Egypt to escape a famine. A famine is a great hunger. At first, the Hebrews were treated well in Egypt, but in time the Hebrews were enslaved by the Egyptians. According to Hebraic tradition, God sent ten deadly plagues to Egypt when the Egyptians would not release the Hebrew slaves. When the Hebrews did escape, tradition states that Moses, the leader of the Hebrews, parted the Red Sea for just enough time to allow the Hebrews to pass. Once the Hebrews reached the other side of the Red Sea, tradition states that the waters returned and the Egyptian army drowned. After their escape across the Red Sea about 1250BCE, God revealed Ten Commandments to Moses. The Ten Commandments formed the basis of Mosaic Law and are the model for both Jewish and Christian moral thought.

The Hebrews returned to Israel, but they were conquered by Babylon in 586BC and were exiled, or forced from their home. The Hebrews were able to return to Israel, but the Roman conquered Israel and in 66BC, the Romans forced the Hebrews into exile once

again. The Hebrews were then forced to live as minorities in many different lands in a period known as the Diaspora. The Diaspora ended with the creation of the modern nation of Israel in 1948.

Jewish people have often faced severe mistreatment. European Jews were exiled from Spain in 1492 by Ferdinand and Isabella. The Jews also faced organized massacres called pogroms in many nations, particularly in Eastern Europe. In the last century, as many as six million Jews were murdered in what we now call the Holocaust, where the Nazi party in Germany attempted genocide. Genocide is the planned killing of a whole group of people because of their religion or nationality.

Jews worship in synagogues led by a rabbi. Rabbi is a Hebrew word that means "master." Their holiest period is the weekly Shabbat, which lasts from sunset Friday to sunset Saturday. Other important Jewish holidays include Rosh Hashanah (the Jewish New Year), Yom Kippur (a Day of Atonement or confession), Simchat Torah (celebrating receiving the Torah on Mount Sinai), Chanukah (a celebration of a military victory), and Passover (a remembrance of the time the Hebrews lived in Egypt).

The Torah is the most holy book of Judaism. The Torah is also holy to Christians, who include it as the Old Testament of their Bible. The Talmud is another holy book in Judaism. The Talmud is a collection of the laws and customs of the Jewish people.

There are approximately fifteen million Jews throughout the world. Two-thirds of the Jewish population is concentrated in the United States and Israel. Europe was once home to millions of Jewish people, but most of the survivors of the Holocaust emigrated to Israel, the United States or other nations.

## Answer in complete sentences

| 1. | What is the | oldest religion | of the w | estern world | l? About l | now old | is the | faith |
|----|-------------|-----------------|----------|--------------|------------|---------|--------|-------|
|----|-------------|-----------------|----------|--------------|------------|---------|--------|-------|

| 2. | Who were the Hebrews? | How was the religious | faith of the | Hebrews diff | ferent than most | other people in |
|----|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|
| an | cient history?        |                       |              |              |                  |                 |

**Date:** 



## Fill in the Blanks

| The beliefs of Christianity and *Islamm are rooted in J_d_i_m, the o_d_st religion of the western |
|---|
| world. The J are the descendants of the H_b_e_s. The Hebrews trace a_c_s_ry to A_r_h_m,           |
| who left his home in U, in M_s_p_t_m_a about years ago. The Hebrews believed in one God,          |
| so they were m_n_t_e_s_ic. The Hebrews believed they had a special r_l_t_o_s_ip with their god,   |
| and that they were his co_en people.  |
| The H_b_e_s left their home in I_r_el to escape a famine. M_s_s led them back home. Moses is      |
| often called the "law-giver" because both J and *C_r_s_i_ns believe God revealed Ten              |
| C_m_a_d_e_ts to M_s_s about years ago. The T Commandments are the model for                       |
| both J_w_sh and Christian m_r_1 thought.  |
| both J_w_sh and Christian m_i_i thought.  |
| The H_b_e_s were eventually conquered by others, and were forced to leave I_r_el by the           |
| R_m_ns. Since then, Jews have lived as *m_n_r_t_es in many countries, but they remained united    |
| through the Tr_h, the written law of the Jewish faithful.   |
| Jews have been persecuted many times in their history. F_r_i_a_d and I_a_e_la forced the          |
| Jews to leave S at the end of the fifteenth *cn_u_y. Jews also faced organized massacres, or      |
| p_g_o_s, particularly in E_s_e_n Europe. In the last century, the N party of G_r_a_y              |
| attempted g_n_c_de by killing as many as six million J in the H_l_c_u_t.                          |
| Java wanshin in a mana a sa ladhwan ha i an "t a han " Thainha maniad leata from                  |
| Jews worship in s_n_g_g_es led by a r_b_i or "t_a_h_r." Their h period lasts from                 |
| s_n_et Friday to sunset S_t_r_ay. The Jewish holidays include their New Year, R                   |
| H; Yom Kippur, the D of Ao_e_e_t; a celebration of a military victory in                          |
| C; and P_s_o_er, an observance of the time the J lived in E_y_t.                                  |
| The United States is home to about percent of the world's J Europe was once home to               |
| millions of Jews, but most of the s_r_i_o_s of the Holocaust e_i_r_t_d to other nations.          |
| Answer in complete sentences  |
| 3. What is the most holy book of Judaism?   |
|   |
|   |
| 4. What is the Talmud?  |
|   |
| 5. What was the Diaspora?   |
| 3. What was the Diaspora?   |
|   |
| 6. What does rabbi mean?  |
|   |
|   |